

J, eds. Publication available from The Public Health Foundation, Publication Sales, P.O. Box 753, Waldorf, Maryland, 20604-0753.

(14) CDC. Manual for the Surveillance of Vaccine-Preventable Diseases. 5th Edition. Roush SW, McIntyre L, Baldy LM, eds.; 2012. Electronic copies of this publication are available at <http://www.cdc.gov/vaccines/pubs/surv-manual/index.html>.

(15) CDC. Update to CDC's Sexually Transmitted Diseases Treatment Guidelines, 2010: Oral Cephalosporins No Longer a Recommended Treatment for Gonococcal Infections, 2012, MMWR; August 10, 2012; Vol. 61; No. 31; 590-594.

(16) World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Guidelines on Hand Hygiene in Health Care. WHO Press: Geneva, Switzerland, 2009.

(17) CDC. Revised definition for HIV Infection, as found in MMWR, Volume 63, Recommendations and Reports No. RR-03, April 11, 2014.

(b) Where the provisions of this rule or the laws of Indiana conflict with matters incorporated by reference, this rule and the laws of Indiana shall control.

(c) All incorporated material is available for public review at the department.

(d) The MMWR series of publications is published by the Office of Surveillance, Epidemiology, and Laboratory Services, CDC, U.S. Department of Health and Human Services, 1600 Clifton Road, Atlanta, Georgia 30333. Electronic copies of most MMWR publications are available at <http://www.cdc.gov/MMWR>. (*Indiana State Department of Health; 410 IAC 1-2.5-149; filed Nov 25, 2015, 2:54 p.m.: 20151223-IR-410150039FRA*)

### **Rule 3. Infectious Waste**

#### **410 IAC 1-3-1 "Bedding" defined**

Authority: IC 16-19-3-4; IC 16-41-16-8

Affected: IC 16-41-16

Sec. 1. "Bedding" means bedding that has been used for laboratory animals. (*Indiana State Department of Health; 410 IAC 1-3-1; filed Jan 17, 1989, 3:30 p.m.: 12 IR 1382; filed Sep 18, 1998, 11:38 a.m.: 22 IR 436; readopted filed Jul 11, 2001, 2:23 p.m.: 24 IR 4234; readopted filed May 22, 2007, 1:44 p.m.: 20070613-IR-410070141RFA; readopted filed Sep 11, 2013, 3:19 p.m.: 20131009-IR-410130346RFA*)

#### **410 IAC 1-3-2 "Carcasses, body parts, blood and body fluids, and bedding of laboratory animals" defined**

Authority: IC 16-19-3-4; IC 16-41-16-8

Affected: IC 16-41-16

Sec. 2. "Carcasses, body parts, blood and body fluids, and bedding of laboratory animals" means carcasses, body parts, blood and body fluids in liquid or semiliquid form, and bedding of animals that have been intentionally or are suspected of having been exposed to pathogens in:

- (1) research;
- (2) production of biologicals;
- (3) the in vivo testing of pharmaceuticals; or
- (4) other procedures.

(*Indiana State Department of Health; 410 IAC 1-3-2; filed Jan 17, 1989, 3:30 p.m.: 12 IR 1382; filed Sep 18, 1998, 11:38 a.m.: 22 IR 436; readopted filed Jul 11, 2001, 2:23 p.m.: 24 IR 4234; readopted filed May 22, 2007, 1:44 p.m.: 20070613-IR-410070141RFA; readopted filed Sep 11, 2013, 3:19 p.m.: 20131009-IR-410130346RFA*)

#### **410 IAC 1-3-3 "Container" defined**

Authority: IC 16-19-3-4; IC 16-41-16-8

Affected: IC 16-41-16

Sec. 3. "Container" means any portable device or material in which infectious waste is:

- (1) stored;
- (2) transported;
- (3) treated;
- (4) disposed of; or
- (5) otherwise handled.

*(Indiana State Department of Health; 410 IAC 1-3-3; filed Jan 17, 1989, 3:30 p.m.: 12 IR 1382; filed Sep 18, 1998, 11:38 a.m.: 22 IR 436; readopted filed Jul 11, 2001, 2:23 p.m.: 24 IR 4234; readopted filed May 22, 2007, 1:44 p.m.: 20070613-IR-410070141RFA; readopted filed Sep 11, 2013, 3:19 p.m.: 20131009-IR-410130346RFA)*

**410 IAC 1-3-4 "Contaminated sharp" defined**

Authority: IC 16-19-3-4; IC 16-41-16-8  
Affected: IC 16-41-16

Sec. 4. "Contaminated sharp" means an object that is capable of cutting or penetrating the skin and has been in contact with blood or body fluids. The term includes any of the following:

- (1) Hypodermic or suture needle.
- (2) Syringe.
- (3) Scalpel blade.
- (4) Pipette.
- (5) Lancet.
- (6) Broken glass.

*(Indiana State Department of Health; 410 IAC 1-3-4; filed Jan 17, 1989, 3:30 p.m.: 12 IR 1382; filed Sep 18, 1998, 11:38 a.m.: 22 IR 437; readopted filed Jul 11, 2001, 2:23 p.m.: 24 IR 4234; readopted filed May 22, 2007, 1:44 p.m.: 20070613-IR-410070141RFA; readopted filed Sep 11, 2013, 3:19 p.m.: 20131009-IR-410130346RFA)*

**410 IAC 1-3-5 "Communicable disease" defined**

Authority: IC 16-19-3-4; IC 16-41-16-8  
Affected: IC 16-41-2-1

Sec. 5. "Communicable disease" means a communicable disease as defined by rule under IC 16-41-2-1. *(Indiana State Department of Health; 410 IAC 1-3-5; filed Jan 17, 1989, 3:30 p.m.: 12 IR 1382; filed Sep 18, 1998, 11:38 a.m.: 22 IR 437; readopted filed Jul 11, 2001, 2:23 p.m.: 24 IR 4234; readopted filed May 22, 2007, 1:44 p.m.: 20070613-IR-410070141RFA; readopted filed Sep 11, 2013, 3:19 p.m.: 20131009-IR-410130346RFA)*

**410 IAC 1-3-5.5 "Department" defined**

Authority: IC 16-19-3-4; IC 16-41-16-8  
Affected: IC 16-41-16

Sec. 5.5. "Department" means the Indiana state department of health. *(Indiana State Department of Health; 410 IAC 1-3-5.5; filed Sep 18, 1998, 11:38 a.m.: 22 IR 437; readopted filed Jul 11, 2001, 2:23 p.m.: 24 IR 4234; readopted filed May 22, 2007, 1:44 p.m.: 20070613-IR-410070141RFA; readopted filed Sep 11, 2013, 3:19 p.m.: 20131009-IR-410130346RFA)*

**410 IAC 1-3-6 "Emergency medical services provider" defined**

Authority: IC 16-19-3-4; IC 16-41-16-8  
Affected: IC 16-31-3

Sec. 6. "Emergency medical services provider" means a person certified under IC 16-31-3. *(Indiana State Department of Health; 410 IAC 1-3-6; filed Jan 17, 1989, 3:30 p.m.: 12 IR 1382; filed Sep 18, 1998, 11:38 a.m.: 22 IR 437; readopted filed Jul 11, 2001, 2:23 p.m.: 24 IR 4234; readopted filed May 22, 2007, 1:44 p.m.: 20070613-IR-410070141RFA; readopted filed Sep 11, 2013, 3:19 p.m.: 20131009-IR-410130346RFA)*

2013, 3:19 p.m.: 20131009-IR-410130346RFA)

**410 IAC 1-3-7 "Facility" defined**

Authority: IC 16-19-3-4; IC 16-41-16-8

Affected: IC 16-21-2; IC 16-28-1; IC 16-41-12; IC 16-41-16

Sec. 7. "Facility" means any of the following places where infectious waste activity occurs:

- (1) Hospital.
- (2) Ambulatory surgical center as defined in IC 16-21-2.
- (3) Medical/diagnostic laboratory.
- (4) Blood center as defined in IC 16-41-12.
- (5) Pharmaceutical company.
- (6) Academic research laboratory company.
- (7) Industrial research laboratory.
- (8) Health facility as defined in IC 16-28-1.
- (9) Office and mobile units of a health care provider.
- (10) Diet or health care clinic.
- (11) Office of a veterinarian.
- (12) Veterinary hospital.
- (13) Emergency medical services provider.
- (14) Mortuary.

*(Indiana State Department of Health; 410 IAC 1-3-7; filed Jan 17, 1989, 3:30 p.m.: 12 IR 1383; filed Sep 18, 1998, 11:38 a.m.: 22 IR 437; readopted filed Jul 11, 2001, 2:23 p.m.: 24 IR 4234; readopted filed May 22, 2007, 1:44 p.m.: 20070613-IR-410070141RFA; readopted filed Sep 11, 2013, 3:19 p.m.: 20131009-IR-410130346RFA)*

**410 IAC 1-3-8 "Health care provider" defined**

Authority: IC 16-19-3-4; IC 16-41-16-8

Affected: IC 16-18-2-163; IC 16-41-16

Sec. 8. "Health care provider" means a person employed as, or by, or receiving training from, a provider as defined in IC 16-18-2-163, or by a laboratory, blood center, state institution, or any other facility where the person is likely to have direct contact with blood or body fluids. *(Indiana State Department of Health; 410 IAC 1-3-8; filed Jan 17, 1989, 3:30 p.m.: 12 IR 1383; filed Sep 18, 1998, 11:38 a.m.: 22 IR 437; readopted filed Jul 11, 2001, 2:23 p.m.: 24 IR 4234; readopted filed May 22, 2007, 1:44 p.m.: 20070613-IR-410070141RFA; readopted filed Sep 11, 2013, 3:19 p.m.: 20131009-IR-410130346RFA)*

**410 IAC 1-3-9 "Infectious waste activity" defined**

Authority: IC 16-19-3-4; IC 16-41-16-8

Affected: IC 16-41-16

Sec. 9. "Infectious waste activity" means the:

- (1) generation;
- (2) collection;
- (3) storage;
- (4) transportation;
- (5) treatment; or
- (6) disposal of infectious waste;

as defined in this rule. *(Indiana State Department of Health; 410 IAC 1-3-9; filed Jan 17, 1989, 3:30 p.m.: 12 IR 1383; filed Sep 18, 1998, 11:38 a.m.: 22 IR 438; readopted filed Jul 11, 2001, 2:23 p.m.: 24 IR 4234; readopted filed May 22, 2007, 1:44 p.m.: 20070613-IR-410070141RFA; readopted filed Sep 11, 2013, 3:19 p.m.: 20131009-IR-410130346RFA)*

**410 IAC 1-3-10 "Infectious waste" defined**

Authority: IC 16-19-3-4; IC 16-41-16-8

Affected: IC 16-41-16

Sec. 10. (a) "Infectious waste", except as provided in subsection (b), means waste that epidemiologic evidence indicates is capable of transmitting a dangerous communicable disease. The term includes, but is not limited to, the following:

- (1) Contaminated sharps or contaminated objects that could potentially become contaminated sharps.
- (2) Infectious biological cultures, infectious associated biologicals, and infectious agent stock.
- (3) Pathological waste.
- (4) Blood and blood products in liquid and semiliquid form.
- (5) Carcasses, body parts, blood and body fluids in liquid and semiliquid form, and bedding of laboratory animals.
- (6) Other waste that has been intermingled with infectious waste.

(b) The term, as it applies to a home health agency or to services delivered in the home of a hospice patient, includes only contaminated sharps. (*Indiana State Department of Health; 410 IAC 1-3-10; filed Jan 17, 1989, 3:30 p.m.: 12 IR 1383; filed Sep 18, 1998, 11:38 a.m.: 22 IR 438; readopted filed Jul 11, 2001, 2:23 p.m.: 24 IR 4234; readopted filed May 22, 2007, 1:44 p.m.: 20070613-IR-410070141RFA; readopted filed Sep 11, 2013, 3:19 p.m.: 20131009-IR-410130346RFA*)

**410 IAC 1-3-11 "Mortuary" defined**

Authority: IC 16-19-3-4; IC 16-41-16-8

Affected: IC 16-41-16; IC 25-15-2-15

Sec. 11. "Mortuary" means a funeral home as defined in IC 25-15-2-15. (*Indiana State Department of Health; 410 IAC 1-3-11; filed Jan 17, 1989, 3:30 p.m.: 12 IR 1383; filed Sep 18, 1998, 11:38 a.m.: 22 IR 438; readopted filed Jul 11, 2001, 2:23 p.m.: 24 IR 4234; readopted filed May 22, 2007, 1:44 p.m.: 20070613-IR-410070141RFA; readopted filed Sep 11, 2013, 3:19 p.m.: 20131009-IR-410130346RFA*)

**410 IAC 1-3-12 "Pathological waste" defined**

Authority: IC 16-19-3-4; IC 16-41-16-8

Affected: IC 16-41-16

Sec. 12. "Pathological waste" means:

- (1) tissues;
- (2) organs;
- (3) body parts; and
- (4) blood or body fluids in liquid or semiliquid form of humans;

that are removed during surgery, biopsy, or autopsy. (*Indiana State Department of Health; 410 IAC 1-3-12; filed Jan 17, 1989, 3:30 p.m.: 12 IR 1383; filed Sep 18, 1998, 11:38 a.m.: 22 IR 438; readopted filed Jul 11, 2001, 2:23 p.m.: 24 IR 4234; readopted filed May 22, 2007, 1:44 p.m.: 20070613-IR-410070141RFA; readopted filed Sep 11, 2013, 3:19 p.m.: 20131009-IR-410130346RFA*)

**410 IAC 1-3-13 "Person" defined**

Authority: IC 16-19-3-4; IC 16-41-16-8

Affected: IC 16-41-16

Sec. 13. "Person" means any:

- (1) individual;
- (2) facility;
- (3) partnership;
- (4) copartnership;

- (5) firm;
- (6) company;
- (7) association;
- (8) joint-stock company;
- (9) corporation;
- (10) governmental entity; or
- (11) agent.

*(Indiana State Department of Health; 410 IAC 1-3-13; filed Jan 17, 1989, 3:30 p.m.: 12 IR 1383; filed Sep 18, 1998, 11:38 a.m.: 22 IR 438; readopted filed Jul 11, 2001, 2:23 p.m.: 24 IR 4234; readopted filed May 22, 2007, 1:44 p.m.: 20070613-IR-410070141RFA; readopted filed Sep 11, 2013, 3:19 p.m.: 20131009-IR-410130346RFA)*

**410 IAC 1-3-14 "Secured area" defined**

Authority: IC 16-19-3-4; IC 16-41-16-8  
Affected: IC 16-41-16

Sec. 14. "Secured area" means an area that is designed and maintained to prevent the entry of unauthorized persons. *(Indiana State Department of Health; 410 IAC 1-3-14; filed Jan 17, 1989, 3:30 p.m.: 12 IR 1383; filed Sep 18, 1998, 11:38 a.m.: 22 IR 438; readopted filed Jul 11, 2001, 2:23 p.m.: 24 IR 4234; readopted filed May 22, 2007, 1:44 p.m.: 20070613-IR-410070141RFA; readopted filed Sep 11, 2013, 3:19 p.m.: 20131009-IR-410130346RFA)*

**410 IAC 1-3-15 "Semiliquid blood and blood products" defined**

Authority: IC 16-19-3-4; IC 16-41-16-8  
Affected: IC 16-41-16

Sec. 15. "Semiliquid blood and blood products" means blood and blood products that have intermediate fluid properties and are capable of flowing in a manner similar to a liquid. *(Indiana State Department of Health; 410 IAC 1-3-15; filed Jan 17, 1989, 3:30 p.m.: 12 IR 1384; filed Sep 18, 1998, 11:38 a.m.: 22 IR 438; readopted filed Jul 11, 2001, 2:23 p.m.: 24 IR 4234; readopted filed May 22, 2007, 1:44 p.m.: 20070613-IR-410070141RFA; readopted filed Sep 11, 2013, 3:19 p.m.: 20131009-IR-410130346RFA)*

**410 IAC 1-3-16 "State board" defined (Repealed)**

Sec. 16. *(Repealed by Indiana State Department of Health; filed Sep 18, 1998, 11:38 a.m.: 22 IR 440)*

**410 IAC 1-3-17 "Storage" defined**

Authority: IC 16-19-3-4; IC 16-41-16-8  
Affected: IC 16-41-16

Sec. 17. "Storage" means the containment of infectious waste in such a manner as not to constitute:

- (1) collection;
- (2) treatment;
- (3) transport; or
- (4) disposal.

*(Indiana State Department of Health; 410 IAC 1-3-17; filed Jan 17, 1989, 3:30 p.m.: 12 IR 1384; filed Sep 18, 1998, 11:38 a.m.: 22 IR 439; readopted filed Jul 11, 2001, 2:23 p.m.: 24 IR 4234; readopted filed May 22, 2007, 1:44 p.m.: 20070613-IR-410070141RFA; readopted filed Sep 11, 2013, 3:19 p.m.: 20131009-IR-410130346RFA)*

**410 IAC 1-3-18 "Veterinarian" defined**

Authority: IC 16-19-3-4; IC 16-41-16-8  
Affected: IC 16-41-16

Sec. 18. "Veterinarian" means a person authorized to practice veterinary medicine under IC 15-5-1.1 [*IC 15-5 was repealed by P.L.2-2008, SECTION 83, effective July 1, 2008.*]. (*Indiana State Department of Health; 410 IAC 1-3-18; filed Jan 17, 1989, 3:30 p.m.: 12 IR 1384; filed Sep 18, 1998, 11:38 a.m.: 22 IR 439; readopted filed Jul 11, 2001, 2:23 p.m.: 24 IR 4234; readopted filed May 22, 2007, 1:44 p.m.: 20070613-IR-410070141RFA; readopted filed Sep 11, 2013, 3:19 p.m.: 20131009-IR-410130346RFA*)

**410 IAC 1-3-19 "Waste" defined**

Authority: IC 16-19-3-4; IC 16-41-16-8  
Affected: IC 16-41-16

Sec. 19. "Waste" means any solid, liquid, or semiliquid material that:  
(1) is discarded or being accumulated prior to being discarded; or  
(2) has served its natural, biological, medical, or intended purpose and is generally discarded and not reused.  
(*Indiana State Department of Health; 410 IAC 1-3-19; filed Jan 17, 1989, 3:30 p.m.: 12 IR 1384; filed Sep 18, 1998, 11:38 a.m.: 22 IR 439; readopted filed Jul 11, 2001, 2:23 p.m.: 24 IR 4234; readopted filed May 22, 2007, 1:44 p.m.: 20070613-IR-410070141RFA; readopted filed Sep 11, 2013, 3:19 p.m.: 20131009-IR-410130346RFA*)

**410 IAC 1-3-20 "Waste handlers" defined**

Authority: IC 16-19-3-4; IC 16-41-16-8  
Affected: IC 16-41-16

Sec. 20. "Waste handlers" means any person who handles infectious waste. (*Indiana State Department of Health; 410 IAC 1-3-20; filed Jan 17, 1989, 3:30 p.m.: 12 IR 1384; filed Sep 18, 1998, 11:38 a.m.: 22 IR 439; readopted filed Jul 11, 2001, 2:23 p.m.: 24 IR 4234; readopted filed May 22, 2007, 1:44 p.m.: 20070613-IR-410070141RFA; readopted filed Sep 11, 2013, 3:19 p.m.: 20131009-IR-410130346RFA*)

**410 IAC 1-3-21 Applicability of standards**

Authority: IC 16-19-3-4; IC 16-41-16-8  
Affected: IC 16-41-11

Sec. 21. (a) This rule applies, without regard to quantity, to defined facilities and persons involved in infectious waste activity.

(b) This rule represents minimum standards, and persons may utilize more stringent standards.

(c) All written policies required under this rule shall, at a minimum, comply with the requirements of IC 16-41-11. (*Indiana State Department of Health; 410 IAC 1-3-21; filed Jan 17, 1989, 3:30 p.m.: 12 IR 1384; filed Sep 18, 1998, 11:38 a.m.: 22 IR 439; readopted filed Jul 11, 2001, 2:23 p.m.: 24 IR 4234; readopted filed May 22, 2007, 1:44 p.m.: 20070613-IR-410070141RFA; readopted filed Sep 11, 2013, 3:19 p.m.: 20131009-IR-410130346RFA*)

**410 IAC 1-3-22 Appropriate containment and labeling; effective treatment, transport, or disposal**

Authority: IC 16-19-3-4; IC 16-41-16-8  
Affected: IC 16-41-16

Sec. 22. For purposes of IC 16-41-16 and this rule, the generator of infectious waste is responsible for the appropriate containment, appropriate labeling, effective treatment, transport, and disposal of infectious waste as required by this rule. A person may provide services to the generator of infectious waste, including the appropriate containment, appropriate labeling, effective

treatment, transport, or disposal of infectious waste. Both the generator of infectious waste and the person providing services to the generator of infectious waste are responsible for complying with the requirements set forth in this rule. (*Indiana State Department of Health; 410 IAC 1-3-22; filed Jan 17, 1989, 3:30 p.m.: 12 IR 1384; filed Sep 18, 1998, 11:38 a.m.: 22 IR 439; readopted filed Jul 11, 2001, 2:23 p.m.: 24 IR 4234; readopted filed May 22, 2007, 1:44 p.m.: 20070613-IR-410070141RFA; readopted filed Sep 11, 2013, 3:19 p.m.: 20131009-IR-410130346RFA*)

**410 IAC 1-3-23 Written policies, procedures**

Authority: IC 16-19-3-4; IC 16-41-16-8

Affected: IC 16-41-16-9

Sec. 23. All persons and facilities subject to this rule shall:

(1) have a written policy and procedures that, at a minimum, contain:

(A) the requirements contained in this rule; and

(B) the sanctions, including discipline and dismissal of persons, if warranted, for failure to follow the requirements set forth in this rule;

(2) provide necessary instruction and materials, including protective garments, to implement this rule prior to giving a person an assignment where contact with infectious waste is likely;

(3) maintain a record of such instruction, including an attendance record of a person's participation in the instruction; and

(4) make all records available to the department for inspection under IC 16-41-16-9.

(*Indiana State Department of Health; 410 IAC 1-3-23; filed Jan 17, 1989, 3:30 p.m.: 12 IR 1384; filed Sep 18, 1998, 11:38 a.m.: 22 IR 439; readopted filed Jul 11, 2001, 2:23 p.m.: 24 IR 4234; readopted filed May 22, 2007, 1:44 p.m.: 20070613-IR-410070141RFA; readopted filed Sep 11, 2013, 3:19 p.m.: 20131009-IR-410130346RFA*)

**410 IAC 1-3-24 Containment**

Authority: IC 16-19-3-4; IC 16-41-16-8

Affected: IC 16-41-16

Sec. 24. (a) All persons and facilities subject to this rule shall ensure that infectious waste is at all times contained in a manner that will reasonably protect waste handlers and the public from contracting dangerous communicable disease that may result from exposure to the infectious waste.

(b) All persons and facilities subject to this rule shall place contaminated sharps or contaminated objects that could potentially become contaminated sharps, infectious biological cultures, infectious associated biologicals, and infectious agent stock in containers that are:

(1) leak proof, rigid, puncture-resistant;

(2) tightly sealed to prevent expulsion;

(3) labeled with the biohazard symbol; and

(4) effectively treated in accordance with this rule prior to being stored in an unsecured area and sent for final disposal.

(c) All persons and facilities subject to this rule shall place pathological waste; laboratory animal carcasses, laboratory animal body parts, laboratory animal blood and body fluids, and laboratory animal bedding; human blood; human blood products in liquid or semiliquid form; and human body fluids that are visibly contaminated with blood in containers that are:

(1) impervious to moisture;

(2) sufficient strength and thickness to prevent expulsion;

(3) secured to prevent leakage or expulsion;

(4) labeled with the biohazard symbol; and

(5) effectively treated in accordance with this rule prior to being placed in an unsecured area and sent for final disposal.

(*Indiana State Department of Health; 410 IAC 1-3-24; filed Jan 17, 1989, 3:30 p.m.: 12 IR 1385; readopted filed Jul 11, 2001, 2:23 p.m.: 24 IR 4234; readopted filed May 22, 2007, 1:44 p.m.: 20070613-IR-410070141RFA; readopted filed Sep 11, 2013, 3:19 p.m.: 20131009-IR-410130346RFA*)

**410 IAC 1-3-25 Storage**

Authority: IC 16-19-3-4; IC 16-41-16-8

Affected: IC 16-41-16

Sec. 25. If infectious waste is stored prior to final disposal, all persons subject to this rule shall:

- (1) store infectious waste in a secure area that:
  - (A) is locked or otherwise secured to eliminate access by or exposure to the general public;
  - (B) affords protection from adverse environmental conditions and vermin; and
  - (C) has a prominently displayed biohazard symbol;
- (2) store infectious waste in a manner that preserves the integrity of the container, and is not conducive to rapid microbial growth and putrefaction; and
- (3) disinfect reusable containers for infectious waste each time that they are emptied, unless the surfaces of the reusable containers have been protected from contamination by disposable liners, bags, or other devices that are removed with the infectious waste.

*(Indiana State Department of Health; 410 IAC 1-3-25; filed Jan 17, 1989, 3:30 p.m.: 12 IR 1385; readopted filed Jul 11, 2001, 2:23 p.m.: 24 IR 4234; readopted filed May 22, 2007, 1:44 p.m.: 20070613-IR-410070141RFA; readopted filed Sep 11, 2013, 3:19 p.m.: 20131009-IR-410130346RFA)*

**410 IAC 1-3-26 Treatment**

Authority: IC 16-19-3-4; IC 16-41-16-8

Affected: IC 16-41-16

Sec. 26. (a) All persons and facilities subject to this rule shall either effectively treat infectious waste in accordance with this rule or transport infectious waste off-site for effective treatment in accordance with this rule.

(b) A treatment is effective if it reduces the pathogenic qualities of infectious waste for safe handling, is designed for the specific infectious waste involved, and is carried out in a manner consistent with this rule. Effective treatment may include:

- (1) incineration;
- (2) steam sterilization;
- (3) chemical disinfection;
- (4) thermal inactivation;
- (5) irradiation; or
- (6) discharge in a sanitary sewer or septic system that is properly installed and operating in accordance with state and local laws.

(c) Except as provided in section 28 of this rule, all persons and facilities subject to this rule may store, transport, and dispose of infectious waste that has been effectively treated in accordance with this rule in the usual manner for waste that is noninfectious.

*(Indiana State Department of Health; 410 IAC 1-3-26; filed Jan 17, 1989, 3:30 p.m.: 12 IR 1385; readopted filed Jul 11, 2001, 2:23 p.m.: 24 IR 4234; readopted filed May 22, 2007, 1:44 p.m.: 20070613-IR-410070141RFA; readopted filed Sep 11, 2013, 3:19 p.m.: 20131009-IR-410130346RFA)*

**410 IAC 1-3-27 Protection in transport**

Authority: IC 16-19-3-4; IC 16-41-16-8

Affected: IC 16-41-16

Sec. 27. All persons and facilities subject to this rule shall:

- (1) transport infectious waste in a manner that reasonably protects waste handlers and the public from contracting dangerous communicable disease; and
- (2) effectively treat infectious waste in accordance with this rule before it is compacted.

*(Indiana State Department of Health; 410 IAC 1-3-27; filed Jan 17, 1989, 3:30 p.m.: 12 IR 1385; readopted filed Jul 11, 2001, 2:23 p.m.: 24 IR 4234; readopted filed May 22, 2007, 1:44 p.m.: 20070613-IR-410070141RFA; readopted filed Sep 11, 2013, 3:19 p.m.: 20131009-IR-410130346RFA)*

*p.m.: 20131009-IR-410130346RFA)*

**410 IAC 1-3-28 Transporting off-site**

Authority: IC 16-19-3-4; IC 16-41-16-8

Affected: IC 16-41-16

Sec. 28. (a) All persons and facilities subject to this rule who are transporting infectious waste off-site, whether effectively treated or not, shall:

(1) mark containers of infectious waste with a label that states the name, address, and telephone number of the generating facility and treatment facility, if applicable; and

(2) provide a form that contains:

(A) the name, address, and telephone number of the generating facility and treatment facility, if applicable;

(B) a brief description of the waste and the method of effective treatment; and

(C) the signature of a responsible person.

(b) The information required in subsection (a) may be enclosed between the secondary packaging and the outer packaging, when such packaging is used. The outer packaging must contain a biohazard symbol. (*Indiana State Department of Health; 410 IAC 1-3-28; filed Jan 17, 1989, 3:30 p.m.: 12 IR 1386; filed Sep 18, 1998, 11:38 a.m.: 22 IR 440; readopted filed Jul 11, 2001, 2:23 p.m.: 24 IR 4234; readopted filed May 22, 2007, 1:44 p.m.: 20070613-IR-410070141RFA; readopted filed Sep 11, 2013, 3:19 p.m.: 20131009-IR-410130346RFA)*)

**410 IAC 1-3-29 Penalties for violation**

Authority: IC 16-19-3-4; IC 16-41-16-8

Affected: IC 16-41-16-10

Sec. 29. Penalties for violation of this rule are set forth in IC 16-41-16-10. (*Indiana State Department of Health; 410 IAC 1-3-29; filed Jan 17, 1989, 3:30 p.m.: 12 IR 1386; filed Sep 18, 1998, 11:38 a.m.: 22 IR 440; readopted filed Jul 11, 2001, 2:23 p.m.: 24 IR 4234; readopted filed May 22, 2007, 1:44 p.m.: 20070613-IR-410070141RFA; readopted filed Sep 11, 2013, 3:19 p.m.: 20131009-IR-410130346RFA)*)

**Rule 4. Universal Precautions**

**410 IAC 1-4-0.5 Applicability of definitions**

Authority: IC 16-41-11-9

Affected: IC 16-41-11

Sec. 0.5. The definitions in this rule apply throughout this rule. Additionally, the definitions of any other terms contained in the Indiana occupational safety and health administration's bloodborne pathogens standards (as found in 29 CFR 1910.1030) are incorporated by reference. (*Indiana State Department of Health; 410 IAC 1-4-0.5; filed Nov 22, 1993, 5:00 p.m.: 17 IR 753; readopted filed Jul 11, 2001, 2:23 p.m.: 24 IR 4234; readopted filed May 22, 2007, 1:44 p.m.: 20070613-IR-410070141RFA; readopted filed Sep 11, 2013, 3:19 p.m.: 20131009-IR-410130346RFA)*)

**410 IAC 1-4-1 "Blood" defined**

Authority: IC 16-41-11-9

Affected: IC 16-41-11

Sec. 1. "Blood" means human blood, human blood components, and products made from human blood. (*Indiana State Department of Health; 410 IAC 1-4-1; filed Oct 6, 1989, 4:20 p.m.: 13 IR 280; filed Nov 22, 1993, 5:00 p.m.: 17 IR 753; readopted filed Jul 11, 2001, 2:23 p.m.: 24 IR 4234; readopted filed May 22, 2007, 1:44 p.m.: 20070613-IR-410070141RFA; readopted filed Sep 11, 2013, 3:19 p.m.: 20131009-IR-410130346RFA)*)

**410 IAC 1-4-1.1 "Bloodborne pathogens" defined**

Authority: IC 16-41-11-9

Affected: IC 16-41-11

Sec. 1.1. "Bloodborne pathogens" means pathogenic microorganisms that are present in human blood and can cause disease in humans. These pathogens include, but are not limited to, HBV, HCV, and HIV. (*Indiana State Department of Health; 410 IAC 1-4-1.1; filed Nov 22, 1993, 5:00 p.m.: 17 IR 753; readopted filed Jul 11, 2001, 2:23 p.m.: 24 IR 4234; filed Mar 28, 2006, 12:45 p.m.: 29 IR 2536; readopted filed May 22, 2007, 1:44 p.m.: 20070613-IR-410070141RFA; readopted filed Sep 11, 2013, 3:19 p.m.: 20131009-IR-410130346RFA*)

**410 IAC 1-4-1.2 "Contaminated" defined**

Authority: IC 16-41-11-9

Affected: IC 16-41-11

Sec. 1.2. "Contaminated" means the presence or the reasonably anticipated presence of blood or other potentially infectious materials on an item or surface. (*Indiana State Department of Health; 410 IAC 1-4-1.2; filed Nov 22, 1993, 5:00 p.m.: 17 IR 754; readopted filed Jul 11, 2001, 2:23 p.m.: 24 IR 4234; readopted filed May 22, 2007, 1:44 p.m.: 20070613-IR-410070141RFA; readopted filed Sep 11, 2013, 3:19 p.m.: 20131009-IR-410130346RFA*)

**410 IAC 1-4-1.3 "Contaminated laundry" defined**

Authority: IC 16-41-11-9

Affected: IC 16-41-11

Sec. 1.3. "Contaminated laundry" means laundry which has been soiled with blood or other potentially infectious materials or laundry which may contain sharps. (*Indiana State Department of Health; 410 IAC 1-4-1.3; filed Nov 22, 1993, 5:00 p.m.: 17 IR 754; readopted filed Jul 11, 2001, 2:23 p.m.: 24 IR 4234; readopted filed May 22, 2007, 1:44 p.m.: 20070613-IR-410070141RFA; readopted filed Sep 11, 2013, 3:19 p.m.: 20131009-IR-410130346RFA*)

**410 IAC 1-4-1.4 "Covered individual" defined**

Authority: IC 16-41-11-9

Affected: IC 16-41-11-4

Sec. 1.4. "Covered individual" means any individual covered by IC 16-41-11-4 whose professional, employment, training, or volunteer activities or duties include any reasonably anticipated skin, eye, mucous membrane, or parenteral contact with blood or other potentially infectious materials. (*Indiana State Department of Health; 410 IAC 1-4-1.4; filed Nov 22, 1993, 5:00 p.m.: 17 IR 754; readopted filed Jul 11, 2001, 2:23 p.m.: 24 IR 4234; readopted filed May 22, 2007, 1:44 p.m.: 20070613-IR-410070141RFA; readopted filed Sep 11, 2013, 3:19 p.m.: 20131009-IR-410130346RFA*)

**410 IAC 1-4-1.5 "Decontamination" defined**

Authority: IC 16-41-11-9

Affected: IC 16-41-11

Sec. 1.5. "Decontamination" means the use of physical or chemical means to remove, inactivate, or destroy bloodborne pathogens on a surface or item which does not require sterilization to the point where they are no longer capable of transmitting infectious particles and the surface or item is rendered safe for handling, use, or disposal. (*Indiana State Department of Health; 410 IAC 1-4-1.5; filed Nov 22, 1993, 5:00 p.m.: 17 IR 754; readopted filed Jul 11, 2001, 2:23 p.m.: 24 IR 4234; readopted filed May 22, 2007, 1:44 p.m.: 20070613-IR-410070141RFA; readopted filed Sep 11, 2013, 3:19 p.m.: 20131009-IR-410130346RFA*)

**410 IAC 1-4-2 "Department" defined**

Authority: IC 16-41-11-9  
Affected: IC 16-41-11

Sec. 2. "Department" means the Indiana state department of health. (*Indiana State Department of Health; 410 IAC 1-4-2; filed Oct 6, 1989, 4:20 p.m.: 13 IR 280; filed Nov 22, 1993, 5:00 p.m.: 17 IR 754; readopted filed Jul 11, 2001, 2:23 p.m.: 24 IR 4234; readopted filed May 22, 2007, 1:44 p.m.: 20070613-IR-410070141RFA; readopted filed Sep 11, 2013, 3:19 p.m.: 20131009-IR-410130346RFA*)

**410 IAC 1-4-2.1 "Employee" defined**

Authority: IC 16-41-11-9  
Affected: IC 16-41-11; IC 22-8-1.1-1

Sec. 2.1. "Employee" has the meaning set forth in IC 22-8-1.1-1. (*Indiana State Department of Health; 410 IAC 1-4-2.1; filed Nov 22, 1993, 5:00 p.m.: 17 IR 754; readopted filed Jul 11, 2001, 2:23 p.m.: 24 IR 4234; readopted filed May 22, 2007, 1:44 p.m.: 20070613-IR-410070141RFA; readopted filed Sep 11, 2013, 3:19 p.m.: 20131009-IR-410130346RFA*)

**410 IAC 1-4-3 "Employer" defined**

Authority: IC 16-41-11-9  
Affected: IC 16-41-11; IC 22-8-1.1-1

Sec. 3. "Employer" has the meaning set forth in IC 22-8-1.1-1. (*Indiana State Department of Health; 410 IAC 1-4-3; filed Oct 6, 1989, 4:20 p.m.: 13 IR 280; filed Nov 22, 1993, 5:00 p.m.: 17 IR 754; readopted filed Jul 11, 2001, 2:23 p.m.: 24 IR 4234; readopted filed May 22, 2007, 1:44 p.m.: 20070613-IR-410070141RFA; readopted filed Sep 11, 2013, 3:19 p.m.: 20131009-IR-410130346RFA*)

**410 IAC 1-4-3.1 "ERP" defined**

Authority: IC 16-41-11-9  
Affected: IC 16-41-11

Sec. 3.1. "ERP" means expert review panel, as defined in section 8.1 of this rule. (*Indiana State Department of Health; 410 IAC 1-4-3.1; filed Nov 22, 1993, 5:00 p.m.: 17 IR 754; readopted filed Jul 11, 2001, 2:23 p.m.: 24 IR 4234; readopted filed May 22, 2007, 1:44 p.m.: 20070613-IR-410070141RFA; readopted filed Sep 11, 2013, 3:19 p.m.: 20131009-IR-410130346RFA*)

**410 IAC 1-4-4 "Facility" defined**

Authority: IC 16-41-11-9  
Affected: IC 16-41-11

Sec. 4. "Facility" means a building or location where an individual can be reasonably anticipated in the course of performing his or her professional, employment, training, or volunteer activities or duties to have skin, eye, mucous membrane, or parenteral contact with potentially infectious materials. (*Indiana State Department of Health; 410 IAC 1-4-4; filed Oct 6, 1989, 4:20 p.m.: 13 IR 280; filed Nov 22, 1993, 5:00 p.m.: 17 IR 754; readopted filed Jul 11, 2001, 2:23 p.m.: 24 IR 4234; readopted filed May 22, 2007, 1:44 p.m.: 20070613-IR-410070141RFA; readopted filed Sep 11, 2013, 3:19 p.m.: 20131009-IR-410130346RFA*)

**410 IAC 1-4-4.1 "HBsAg" defined**

Authority: IC 16-41-11-9  
Affected: IC 16-41-11

Sec. 4.1. "HBsAg" means the presence of hepatitis B e antigen in human blood as an indicator of high infectivity for hepatitis

B virus. (*Indiana State Department of Health; 410 IAC 1-4-4.1; filed Nov 22, 1993, 5:00 p.m.: 17 IR 755; readopted filed Jul 11, 2001, 2:23 p.m.: 24 IR 4234; readopted filed May 22, 2007, 1:44 p.m.: 20070613-IR-410070141RFA; readopted filed Sep 11, 2013, 3:19 p.m.: 20131009-IR-410130346RFA*)

**410 IAC 1-4-4.2 "HBsAg" defined**

Authority: IC 16-41-11-9

Affected: IC 16-41-11

Sec. 4.2. "HBsAg" means the presence of hepatitis B surface antigens in human blood as an indicator of infectivity for hepatitis B virus. (*Indiana State Department of Health; 410 IAC 1-4-4.2; filed Nov 22, 1993, 5:00 p.m.: 17 IR 755; readopted filed Jul 11, 2001, 2:23 p.m.: 24 IR 4234; readopted filed May 22, 2007, 1:44 p.m.: 20070613-IR-410070141RFA; readopted filed Sep 11, 2013, 3:19 p.m.: 20131009-IR-410130346RFA*)

**410 IAC 1-4-4.3 "HBV" and "HCV" defined**

Authority: IC 16-41-11-9

Affected: IC 16-41-11

Sec. 4.3. (a) "HBV" means hepatitis B virus.

(b) "HCV" means hepatitis C virus. (*Indiana State Department of Health; 410 IAC 1-4-4.3; filed Nov 22, 1993, 5:00 p.m.: 17 IR 755; readopted filed Jul 11, 2001, 2:23 p.m.: 24 IR 4234; filed Mar 28, 2006, 12:45 p.m.: 29 IR 2536; readopted filed May 22, 2007, 1:44 p.m.: 20070613-IR-410070141RFA; readopted filed Sep 11, 2013, 3:19 p.m.: 20131009-IR-410130346RFA*)

**410 IAC 1-4-4.4 "Health care worker" defined**

Authority: IC 16-41-11-9

Affected: IC 16-41-11

Sec. 4.4. "Health care worker" means any covered individual providing health care for or to a patient during the patient's care or treatment and whose professional, employment, volunteer, or student training duties or activities can be reasonably anticipated to result in skin, eye, mucous membrane, or parenteral contact with blood or other potentially infectious materials. (*Indiana State Department of Health; 410 IAC 1-4-4.4; filed Nov 22, 1993, 5:00 p.m.: 17 IR 755; readopted filed Jul 11, 2001, 2:23 p.m.: 24 IR 4234; readopted filed May 22, 2007, 1:44 p.m.: 20070613-IR-410070141RFA; readopted filed Sep 11, 2013, 3:19 p.m.: 20131009-IR-410130346RFA*)

**410 IAC 1-4-4.5 "HIV" defined**

Authority: IC 16-41-11-9

Affected: IC 16-41-11

Sec. 4.5. "HIV" means human immunodeficiency virus. (*Indiana State Department of Health; 410 IAC 1-4-4.5; filed Nov 22, 1993, 5:00 p.m.: 17 IR 755; readopted filed Jul 11, 2001, 2:23 p.m.: 24 IR 4234; readopted filed May 22, 2007, 1:44 p.m.: 20070613-IR-410070141RFA; readopted filed Sep 11, 2013, 3:19 p.m.: 20131009-IR-410130346RFA*)

**410 IAC 1-4-4.6 "Other potentially infectious materials" defined**

Authority: IC 16-41-11-9

Affected: IC 16-41-11

Sec. 4.6. "Other potentially infectious materials" means the following:

(1) Human body fluids as follows:

(A) Semen.

(B) Vaginal secretions.

- (C) Cerebrospinal fluid.
- (D) Synovial fluid.
- (E) Pleural fluid.
- (F) Pericardial fluid.
- (G) Peritoneal fluid.
- (H) Amniotic fluid.
- (I) Saliva in dental procedures.
- (J) Any body fluid that is visibly contaminated with blood.
- (K) All body fluids where it is difficult or impossible to differentiate between body fluids.

(2) Any unfixed tissue or organ, other than intact skin, from a human, living or dead.

(3) HIV-containing cell or tissue cultures, organ cultures, and HIV or HBV-containing culture medium or other solutions; and blood, organs, or other tissues from experimental animals infected with HIV or HBV.

*(Indiana State Department of Health; 410 IAC 1-4-4.6; filed Nov 22, 1993, 5:00 p.m.: 17 IR 755; readopted filed Jul 11, 2001, 2:23 p.m.: 24 IR 4234; readopted filed May 22, 2007, 1:44 p.m.: 20070613-IR-410070141RFA; readopted filed Sep 11, 2013, 3:19 p.m.: 20131009-IR-410130346RFA)*

#### **410 IAC 1-4-4.7 "Parenteral" defined**

Authority: IC 16-41-11-9

Affected: IC 16-41-11

Sec. 4.7. "Parenteral" means piercing the mucous membranes or the skin barrier through such events as needlesticks, human bites, cuts, or abrasions. *(Indiana State Department of Health; 410 IAC 1-4-4.7; filed Nov 22, 1993, 5:00 p.m.: 17 IR 755; readopted filed Jul 11, 2001, 2:23 p.m.: 24 IR 4234; readopted filed May 22, 2007, 1:44 p.m.: 20070613-IR-410070141RFA; readopted filed Sep 11, 2013, 3:19 p.m.: 20131009-IR-410130346RFA)*

#### **410 IAC 1-4-4.8 "Sterilize" defined**

Authority: IC 16-41-11-9

Affected: IC 16-41-11

Sec. 4.8. "Sterilize" means the use of a physical or chemical procedure to destroy all microbial life, including highly resistant bacterial endospores. *(Indiana State Department of Health; 410 IAC 1-4-4.8; filed Nov 22, 1993, 5:00 p.m.: 17 IR 756; readopted filed Jul 11, 2001, 2:23 p.m.: 24 IR 4234; readopted filed May 22, 2007, 1:44 p.m.: 20070613-IR-410070141RFA; readopted filed Sep 11, 2013, 3:19 p.m.: 20131009-IR-410130346RFA)*

#### **410 IAC 1-4-5 "Universal precautions" defined**

Authority: IC 16-41-11-9

Affected: IC 16-41-11

Sec. 5. "Universal precautions" means an approach to infection control in which all human blood and certain human body fluids are treated as if known to be infectious for HIV, HBV, and other bloodborne pathogens. *(Indiana State Department of Health; 410 IAC 1-4-5; filed Oct 6, 1989, 4:20 p.m.: 13 IR 280; filed Nov 22, 1993, 5:00 p.m.: 17 IR 756; readopted filed Jul 11, 2001, 2:23 p.m.: 24 IR 4234; readopted filed May 22, 2007, 1:44 p.m.: 20070613-IR-410070141RFA; readopted filed Sep 11, 2013, 3:19 p.m.: 20131009-IR-410130346RFA)*

#### **410 IAC 1-4-6 Facility operator responsibilities**

Authority: IC 16-41-11-9

Affected: IC 16-41-11

Sec. 6. (a) An individual or entity that is a facility operator shall comply with the following:

(1) Inform all health care workers and covered individuals whose professional, employment, training, or volunteer activities or duties are performed at or on behalf of the facility, that it is strongly recommended by the department that all persons who have reason to believe they are at risk of HIV infection should know their HIV status.

(2) Inform all health care workers that it is strongly recommended by the department that all those:

(A) who perform procedures during which there is a recognized risk of percutaneous injury to the health care worker, and, if such injury occurs, the health care worker's blood may contact the patient's body cavity, subcutaneous tissue, or mucous membranes; and

(B) who do not have serologic evidence of immunity to HBV from vaccination or from previous infection should know their HBsAg status and, if that is positive, should also know their HBeAg status.

(3) Ensure that the training described in the Indiana occupational safety and health administration's bloodborne pathogens standards (as found in 29 CFR 1910.1030) is provided to all covered individuals whose professional, employment, training, or volunteer activities or duties are performed at or on behalf of the facility.

(4) Ensure that a record is maintained, as required under the Indiana occupational safety and health administration's bloodborne pathogens standards (as found in 29 CFR 1910.1030) of an individual's participation in the training that is provided. The record shall be made available to the department for inspection upon request.

(5) Ensure that each covered individual whose professional, employment, training, or volunteer activities or duties are performed at or on behalf of the facility, is provided appropriate equipment and expendables needed to implement the precautions required under section 8 of this rule and under the Indiana occupational safety and health administration's bloodborne pathogens standards (as found in 29 CFR 1910.1030).

(6) Require all health care workers whose professional, employment, training, or volunteer activities or duties are performed at or on behalf of the facility to provide evidence of compliance with the continuing universal precautions education requirements contained in section 7.1 of this rule.

(b) The operator of a facility, if providing services to patients or the public in which there is a risk of skin, eye, mucous membrane, or parenteral contact to human blood or other potentially infectious materials, shall display, or make available to the public, a description of compliance with the requirements contained in subsection (a)(6).

(c) The operator of a facility, if providing services to patients or the public in which there is a risk of skin, eye, mucous membrane, or parenteral contact to human blood or other potentially infectious materials, shall display, or make available to the public, written materials prepared or approved by the department explaining universal precautions and patients' rights under this rule. These materials shall include information on how to report violations of universal precautions and shall include information regarding the department's duties to investigate. (*Indiana State Department of Health; 410 IAC 1-4-6; filed Oct 6, 1989, 4:20 p.m.: 13 IR 280; filed Nov 22, 1993, 5:00 p.m.: 17 IR 756; readopted filed Jul 11, 2001, 2:23 p.m.: 24 IR 4234; readopted filed May 22, 2007, 1:44 p.m.: 20070613-IR-410070141RFA; readopted filed Sep 11, 2013, 3:19 p.m.: 20131009-IR-410130346RFA*)

#### **410 IAC 1-4-7 Facility operator policies**

Authority: IC 16-41-11-9

Affected: IC 16-41-11

Sec. 7. A facility operator shall develop a written policy in compliance with this rule and the requirements of the Indiana occupational safety and health administration's bloodborne pathogens standards (as found in 29 CFR 1910.1030), that:

(1) requires the use of universal precautions by a covered individual when performing those professional, employment, training, or volunteer activities or duties that include any reasonably anticipated skin, eye, mucous membrane, or parenteral contact with blood or other potentially infectious materials;

(2) provides sanctions, including discipline and dismissal, if warranted, for failure to use universal precautions; and

(3) proscribes the facility operator, or any covered individual acting at or on behalf of the facility, from retaliating against any person, including any professional, employee, trainee, volunteer, or patient, for filing a complaint with the department in good faith under this rule.

(*Indiana State Department of Health; 410 IAC 1-4-7; filed Oct 6, 1989, 4:20 p.m.: 13 IR 280; filed Nov 22, 1993, 5:00 p.m.: 17 IR 757; readopted filed Jul 11, 2001, 2:23 p.m.: 24 IR 4234; readopted filed May 22, 2007, 1:44 p.m.: 20070613-IR-410070141RFA; readopted filed Sep 11, 2013, 3:19 p.m.: 20131009-IR-410130346RFA*)

**410 IAC 1-4-7.1 Covered individuals' minimum training and certification requirements**

Authority: IC 16-41-11-9

Affected: IC 16-41-11

Sec. 7.1. All covered individuals shall comply with the following:

(1) Covered individuals, including health care workers, whose professional, employment, training, or volunteer activities or duties are performed at or on behalf of a facility, must complete the training programs which the facility is required to have employees attend under the Indiana occupational safety and health administration's bloodborne pathogens standards (as found in 29 CFR 1910.1030). Approved programs under this rule shall be as follows:

(A) A bloodborne pathogen training session provided by a facility or employer under the Indiana occupational safety and health administration's bloodborne pathogens standards (as found in 29 CFR 1910.1030).

(B) Unless the department makes a specific determination to the contrary, any continuing professional education program on current universal precautions techniques that has been accepted or accredited by the applicable professional credentialing or health licensing entity.

(2) Covered individuals who are health care workers shall, either individually or through their employer, upon receipt of a written request by the department, employer, or a patient to whom direct services have been provided, provide evidence of compliance with the requirements of this section.

*(Indiana State Department of Health; 410 IAC 1-4-7.1; filed Nov 22, 1993, 5:00 p.m.: 17 IR 757; readopted filed Jul 11, 2001, 2:23 p.m.: 24 IR 4234; readopted filed May 22, 2007, 1:44 p.m.: 20070613-IR-410070141RFA; readopted filed Sep 11, 2013, 3:19 p.m.: 20131009-IR-410130346RFA)*

**410 IAC 1-4-8 Precautions generally**

Authority: IC 16-41-11-9

Affected: IC 16-19; IC 16-41-11

Sec. 8. (a) All covered individuals and health care workers under this rule shall comply with the requirements imposed under the Indiana occupational safety and health administration's bloodborne pathogens standards (as found in 29 CFR 1910.1030).

(b) The following documents shall be incorporated by reference as guidelines for covered individuals and health care workers under this rule:

(1) Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, Guideline for Hand Hygiene in Health-Care Settings: Recommendations of the Healthcare Infection Control Practices Advisory Committee and the HICPAC/SHEA/APIC/IDSA Hand Hygiene Task Force. MMWR 2002;51(No. RR-16).

(2) World Health Organization. WHO Guidelines on Hand Hygiene in Health Care. WHO Press: Geneva, Switzerland, 2009.

(c) All incorporated material is available for public review at the department.

(d) The operator and all covered individuals whose professional, employment, training, or volunteer activities or duties are performed at or on behalf of a facility providing services to patients or other members of the public in which there is a reasonably anticipated risk of skin, eye, mucous membrane, or parenteral contact with human blood or other potentially infectious materials shall also comply with the following requirements:

(1) All equipment and environmental and working surfaces shall be cleaned and decontaminated after contact with blood or other potentially infectious materials.

(2) Heating procedures capable of sterilization must be used when heat stable, nondisposable equipment is sterilized. Monitoring of heat sterilization procedures shall include documentation of the following:

(A) Each sterilization cycle.

(B) Use of chemical indicators when sterilizing packaged nondisposable equipment.

(C) That biological indicators were used within seven (7) days prior to the current sterilization procedure.

(D) Routine equipment maintenance according to manufacturer recommendations.

Documents required under this subdivision must be made available to the department upon request.

(3) Reusable equipment requiring sterilization that is destroyed or altered by heat must be sterilized by chemical means.

(4) Environmental surfaces and equipment not requiring sterilization that have been contaminated by blood or other

potentially infectious materials shall be cleaned with an absorbent material prior to disinfection. Disinfectant solutions shall be a:

- (A) germicide registered with the Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) for use as a hospital disinfectant and labeled tuberculocidal or registered germicide with specific inactivation claims against HIV and HBV; or
- (B) sodium hypochlorite solution dated and not used after twenty-four (24) hours old as follows:
  - (i) A minimum of 1:100 dilution (one-quarter (1/4) cup of five and twenty-five hundredths percent (5.25%) common household bleach in one (1) gallon of water).
  - (ii) A 1:10 dilution (one (1) part five and twenty-five hundredths percent (5.25%) common household bleach in nine (9) parts water) shall be used when a blood, culture, or OPIM spill occurs in the laboratory setting.

(5) Hand hygiene shall be performed when there is a risk of skin, eye, mucous membrane, or parenteral contact with human blood or OPIM.

(6) Hands shall be washed with soap and water when visibly dirty or soiled with blood or OPIM and after using the toilet.

(7) Hand hygiene shall be performed before and after touching a potential source, before a clean or aseptic procedure, after a risk of body fluid exposure, after contact with inanimate surfaces and objects in the immediate vicinity of a potential source, and after removing gloves.

(8) The use of gloves shall not replace the need for hand hygiene.

(9) Gloves shall be worn when contact with blood or OPIM, mucous membranes, or nonintact skin is anticipated.

(10) Gloves shall be changed or removed during care if moving from a contaminated body site to another body site (including nonintact skin, mucous membrane, or medical device) within the same source or the environment.

(11) Gloves shall be changed between contact with other individuals.

(12) If a patient's diagnosis, laboratory analysis, or medical condition requires additional infection control measures or isolation, those specific measures apply in addition to the requirements of this rule and other requirements found at IC 16-19.

*(Indiana State Department of Health; 410 IAC 1-4-8; filed Oct 6, 1989, 4:20 p.m.: 13 IR 280; filed Nov 22, 1993, 5:00 p.m.: 17 IR 757; readopted filed Jul 11, 2001, 2:23 p.m.: 24 IR 4234; filed Mar 28, 2006, 12:45 p.m.: 29 IR 2537; errata filed Aug 16, 2006, 2:30 p.m.: 20060830-IR-410050259ACA; readopted filed May 22, 2007, 1:44 p.m.: 20070613-IR-410070141RFA; filed Nov 30, 2007, 1:00 p.m.: 20071226-IR-410060426FRA; filed Dec 10, 2010, 10:29 a.m.: 20110105-IR-410090810FRA; readopted filed Sep 11, 2013, 3:19 p.m.: 20131009-IR-410130346RFA)*

**410 IAC 1-4-8.1 Expert review panel**

Authority: IC 16-41-11-9

Affected: IC 16-41-11

Sec. 8.1. (a) An HIV infected or HBV infected (and HBeAg positive) health care worker whose practices include digital palpation of a needle tip in a body cavity or the simultaneous presence of the health care worker's finger and needle or other sharp instrument in a poorly visualized or highly confined human anatomic site should either seek the advice of an ERP approved by the department or voluntarily cease these practices.

(b) As used in this rule, "expert review panel" means a group of experts authorized under this rule to provide confidential consultation and advice to HIV and HBV (and HBeAg) infected health care workers as indicated to promote the highest achievable level of safe, professional care. To be deemed authorized, an ERP must be sponsored by an organization which has been approved by the department under subsection (c).

(c) Before any public or private medical, surgical, dental, nursing, or other health care organization may sponsor an authorized ERP under this section, the potential sponsor must be approved by the department as having provided credible assurances that:

(1) the sponsor is capable of establishing specific ERP protocols and procedures that will accomplish the purposes of an ERP under this section; and

(2) it will comply with general protocols to be established and disseminated on request by the department.

(d) The ERP will consist of:

(1) an expert review entity consisting of:

(A) the HIV or HBV infected health care worker's treating physician, either directly or through medical and historical

treatment records;

(B) an infectious disease specialist knowledgeable in the epidemiology of HIV and HBV infection;

(C) a health care provider of the same profession as the infected health care provider with expertise in the procedures practiced; and

(D) an infection control expert or epidemiologist; or

(2) any other expert review entity expressly authorized by the department.

(e) An ERP sponsored by an organization approved by the department under subsection (c) will be deemed an authorized ERP.

(f) An ERP shall advise the health care worker whether and how to modify techniques or to cease performing certain procedures. In rendering this advice, the ERP shall consider the past history of the health care worker's technique, and the extent to which, in the context of other indicated procedures with a measurable and unavoidable significant risk to patients, an indicated invasive procedure in the hands of that health care worker does or does not expose patients to the significant risk of HIV or HBV transmission from the health care worker.

(g) The role of the ERP is strictly confidential and advisory to the health care worker.

(h) All proceedings and communications of the ERP shall be confidential. All communications to an ERP shall be privileged communications. Neither the personnel nor any participant in a panel proceeding shall reveal the identity of any health care worker consulting such panel nor any content of communication to the records of or the outcomes of an ERP outside the panel to any person or other entity, other than the health care worker consulting such panel.

(i) No person who participates in an ERP proceeding shall be permitted or required to disclose any information acquired in connection with, or in the course of, the proceeding, any opinion, recommendation, or evaluation of the panel or of any panel member.

(j) The only duty of an ERP is to provide good faith consultation and advice to the HIV or HBV infected health care worker seeking such advice. A health care worker is not, by this rule, relieved of any responsibility, either to himself or herself or to others, for all actions taken or not taken in his or her professional capacity after consulting with an ERP. Neither an ERP nor any member of an ERP is approved by this rule to substitute or assume responsibility for the subsequent actions of the health care worker. No civil or other legal action of any nature shall arise against any member or personnel of an ERP for any good faith act or statement made in the confines of the panel or proceeding thereof.

(k) Neither an ERP nor any member of an ERP shall, by virtue of their consultation and advice, assume any liability of any kind to the health care worker, his or her patients, or any other person. The personnel and members of an ERP shall be immune from any civil action arising from any determination or recommendation made in good faith in the scope of their duties. (*Indiana State Department of Health; 410 IAC 1-4-8.1; filed Nov 22, 1993, 5:00 p.m.: 17 IR 759; errata, 17 IR 1009; readopted filed Jul 11, 2001, 2:23 p.m.: 24 IR 4234; readopted filed May 22, 2007, 1:44 p.m.: 20070613-IR-410070141RFA; readopted filed Sep 11, 2013, 3:19 p.m.: 20131009-IR-410130346RFA*)

#### **410 IAC 1-4-9 Complaints**

Authority: IC 16-41-11-9

Affected: IC 16-41-11; IC 25

Sec. 9. A person who believes that this rule has been violated may file a complaint with the department. A complaint must be in writing unless, in the opinion of the department, the violation complained of constitutes an emergency. The department shall reduce an emergency oral complaint to writing. The department shall maintain the confidentiality of the person who files the complaint. The department shall also comply with the following:

(1) The department shall promptly investigate, or cause to be investigated with available resources, all complaints received alleging violations of this rule.

(2) The department shall not disclose the name or identifying characteristics of the person who files a complaint under this rule:

(A) unless the person consents in writing to the disclosure; or

(B) the investigation results in an administrative or judicial proceeding and disclosure is ordered by the administrative law judge or the court.

Confidential communication of the complaint information to the Indiana department of labor for compliance purposes shall not constitute disclosure for the purposes of this rule.

(3) The department shall give a person who files a complaint under this section the opportunity to withdraw the complaint at any time prior to the issuance of an order under subdivision (2)(B).

(4) A person filing a complaint must make a reasonable attempt to ascertain the correctness of any information to be furnished. Failure to make a reasonable attempt may subject that person to other sanctions available at law.

(5) A determination of a substantiated and unresolved violation of this rule by a health care provider licensed under IC 25 shall be referred by the department to the appropriate licensing board through notification of the attorney general's consumer protection division.

(6) In the investigation of a complaint regarding a violation of this rule, the department shall coordinate the investigation, as appropriate, with the state or federal enforcement agency having jurisdiction over the industry or occupation. All complaints alleging violations of the Indiana occupational safety and health administration's bloodborne pathogens standards (as found in 29 CFR 1910.1030) shall be forwarded to the Indiana department of labor.

*(Indiana State Department of Health; 410 IAC 1-4-9; filed Oct 6, 1989, 4:20 p.m.: 13 IR 282; filed Nov 22, 1993, 5:00 p.m.: 17 IR 760; readopted filed Jul 11, 2001, 2:23 p.m.: 24 IR 4234; readopted filed May 22, 2007, 1:44 p.m.: 20070613-IR-410070141RFA; readopted filed Sep 11, 2013, 3:19 p.m.: 20131009-IR-410130346RFA)*

## **Rule 5. Sanitary Operation of Tattoo Parlors**

### **410 IAC 1-5-1 Applicability**

Authority: IC 16-19-3-4.1

Affected: IC 16-19-3-4.1

Sec. 1. The definitions in this rule apply throughout this rule. *(Indiana State Department of Health; 410 IAC 1-5-1; filed May 12, 1998, 10:00 a.m.: 21 IR 3815; readopted filed Jul 21, 2004, 5:00 p.m.: 27 IR 4140; readopted filed Jul 15, 2010, 12:12 p.m.: 20100728-IR-410100261RFA; readopted filed Nov 10, 2016, 8:45 a.m.: 20161207-IR-410160371RFA)*

### **410 IAC 1-5-2 "Blood" defined**

Authority: IC 16-19-3-4.1

Affected: IC 16-19-3-4.1

Sec. 2. "Blood" means human blood. *(Indiana State Department of Health; 410 IAC 1-5-2; filed May 12, 1998, 10:00 a.m.: 21 IR 3815; readopted filed Jul 21, 2004, 5:00 p.m.: 27 IR 4140; readopted filed Jul 15, 2010, 12:12 p.m.: 20100728-IR-410100261RFA; readopted filed Nov 10, 2016, 8:45 a.m.: 20161207-IR-410160371RFA)*

### **410 IAC 1-5-3 "Bloodborne pathogens" defined**

Authority: IC 16-19-3-4.1

Affected: IC 16-19-3-4.1

Sec. 3. "Bloodborne pathogens" means pathogenic micro-organisms that are present in human blood and can cause disease in humans. These pathogens include, but are not limited to, the following:

(1) HBV.

(2) HCV.

(3) HIV.

*(Indiana State Department of Health; 410 IAC 1-5-3; filed May 12, 1998, 10:00 a.m.: 21 IR 3815; readopted filed Jul 21, 2004, 5:00 p.m.: 27 IR 4140; readopted filed Jul 15, 2010, 12:12 p.m.: 20100728-IR-410100261RFA; readopted filed Nov 10, 2016, 8:45 a.m.: 20161207-IR-410160371RFA)*